

2006-2007 Indiana Waterfowl Seasons

Ducks

Waterfowl breeding habitat was in good condition in most of prairie Canada, with extensive areas of excellent conditions. The central Dakotas were dry (and remain dry) and prairie Canada is drying out (especially northward), but production this year is expected to be very good.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) estimates the mallard breeding population at 7.3 million, about 8% above last year. Estimates of most species increased, while only wigeon and scaup

Snow Goose Conservation Season

During the last 30 years, the populations of snow and Ross’ geese have nearly quadrupled, resulting in severe degradation of their breeding grounds. In an effort to limit the numbers of these geese, snow geese (both blue and white phases) and Ross’ geese may be taken from Feb. 1 - Mar. 31, 2007. This is in addition to the season for snow geese, brant, and white-fronted geese.

The following special rules apply:

- Hunting hours are one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset. Shooting hours may vary at some DNR properties. Check property regulations before hunting.
- A free special Conservation Order permit is required (available at F&W offices and Reservoir offices after Jan. 1).
- The shell capacity limit rule and the use of electronic calling devices restrictions *do not apply*.
- There is no daily bag or possession limit.
- A HIP registration number is **not** required, nor is a Federal duck stamp.

For information on how to participate, visit www.wildlife.IN.gov or call (812) 334-1137.

Zones

North Zone

That part of Indiana north of a line extending east from the Illinois state line along SR 18 to US 31; north along US 31 to US 24; east on US 24 to Huntington; and southeast on US 224 to the Ohio state line (excluding Lagrange, Steuben, Starke, Elkhart, Jasper and LaPorte counties and Jasper-Pulaski Fish and Wildlife Area for goose hunting – see SJBP Zone).

SJBP Zone (applies only for goose hunting)

Lagrange, Steuben, Starke, Elkhart, Jasper and LaPorte counties, and Jasper-Pulaski Fish and Wildlife Area.

South Zone

That portion of the state south of the North Zone boundary and north of the Ohio River Zone.

Ohio River Zone

That portion of the state south of a line extending east from the Illinois state line along I-64 to New Albany; east on SR 62 to SR 56; east on SR 56 to Vevay; along east and north SR 156 along the Ohio River to North Landing; north on SR 56 to US 50; and northeast on US 50 to the Ohio state line.

decreased. Pintail and canvasback continue to increase, causing the USFWS to remove the shortened canvasback season for this year.

Geese

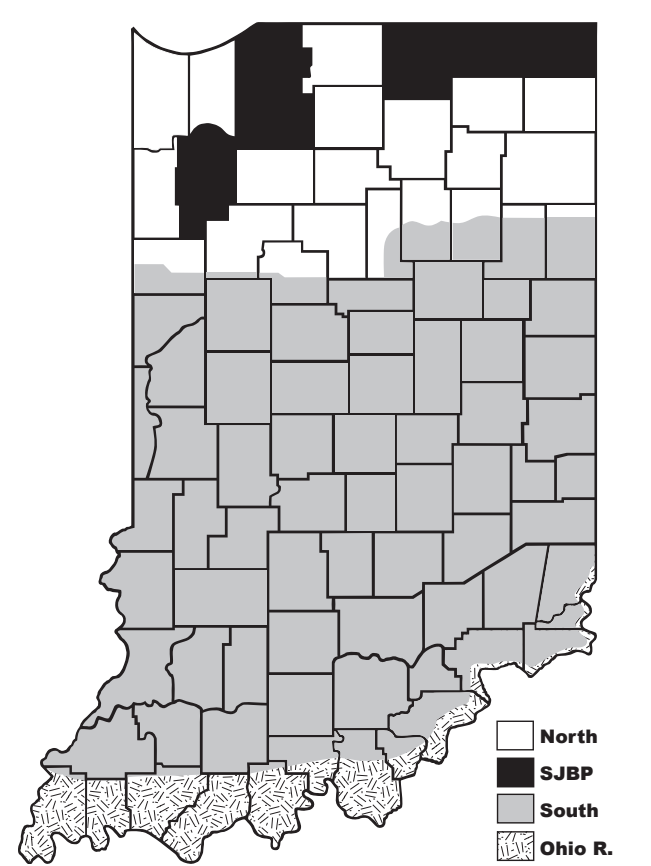
The Southern James Bay and Mississippi Valley populations of Canada geese experienced one of the earliest springs on record, and as a result have experienced excellent production. The Mississippi Flyway giant population continued its upward trend this year. Ontario, Michigan, and Indiana once again experienced good breeding conditions. If the weather cooperates, Indiana has the potential for an excellent goose season.

Youth Waterfowl Hunting Weekends

Three weekends (one in each zone) are set outside the regular hunting season dates to provide a quality hunting experience for young hunters. Youth hunting days are:

- North Zone.....Oct. 7 - Oct. 8
- South Zone.....Oct. 14 - Oct. 15
- Ohio River ZoneOct. 21 - Oct. 22

Hunters must be 15 years of age or younger and properly licensed to participate and must be accompanied by an adult at least 18 years of age. An adult may accompany more than one youth. The licensed accompanying adult may hunt only snow geese, brant, and white-fronted geese (if in season). If the accompanying adult does not intend to hunt and does not possess a firearm, the adult does not need to be licensed. Bag and species limits are the same as those allowed in the regular season.



Regulations

License and Stamp Requirements

Anyone hunting migratory gamebirds (ducks, coots, geese, mergansers, doves, snipe, sora rail or woodcock) must have an Indiana hunting license and a HIP registration number. An Indiana waterfowl stamp privilege, purchased through a local retailer, is also required for hunting ducks and geese. The waterfowl stamp privilege is covered under the youth license. There must be an original signature, in ink, on the license on which the stamp privilege is issued. Commemorative (traditional) waterfowl stamps do not convey hunting privileges. Additionally, anyone 16 years old or older must have a signed Federal duck stamp when hunting ducks and geese. Landowners or lessees, hunting on farmed land they own or lease, must obtain a HIP registration number and have a Federal duck stamp when hunting waterfowl.

For a list of Indiana Outdoor license retailer locations, or to purchase licenses and stamp privileges online, go to www.IndianaOutdoor.IN.gov. For more information, call the Indiana DNR Customer Service Center at (317) 233-4976. You can order federal duck stamps by calling (800) 782-6724 or by going online to www.fws.gov/duckstamp/.

Harvest Information Program (HIP)

Licensed hunters in Indiana must register each year with the National Migratory Bird Harvest Information Program (HIP) before they hunt ducks, geese, mergansers, coots, doves, snipe, sora rails or woodcock.

In order to register, hunters must visit the DNR website at www.wildlife.IN.gov and click on “HIP Registration” or call 866-671-4499 and provide the information requested. The average time it takes to register is less than five minutes. At the end of the registration, the hunter is given a validation number to record on his or her license. This number is valid from the date of registration through the close of the last 2006-2007 migratory bird hunting season. Lifetime license holders and persons on military leave must also register with HIP. Resident landowners and tenants who hunt on their own land must also now register with HIP.

Hunters need only to register once each season, not each time they hunt. In addition to providing name and address during the call, hunters are asked questions designed to identify which species they hunted last year and, in some cases, the number of birds they harvested.

HIP is a joint effort between the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and state wildlife agencies. The program improves harvest estimates for migratory game birds nationwide. Once the harvest information is gathered, the information is used by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the states to ensure that decisions regarding hunting seasons are soundly based on scientific evidence.

Shooting Hours

Shooting hours for geese and ducks are 1/2 hour before sunrise to sunset. Shooting hours may vary at some DNR properties. Check property regulations before hunting.

Non-toxic Shot Requirements

Hunters are required to use approved non-toxic shot while hunting all waterfowl. As of this printing, non-toxic shots currently approved for use by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service are bismuth-tin, tungsten-iron (two types), tungsten-polymer, tungsten-matrix, tungsten-bronze, tungsten-tin-bismuth, tungsten-tin-iron-nickel, tungsten-nickel-iron, tungsten-iron-copper-nickel, tungsten-tin-iron and steel shot. Copper-plated, zinc chromate-plated, zinc chloride-plated and nickel-plated steel shot is approved as long as the plating represents less than one percent of the shot’s weight. Lead shot plated with copper, nickel or other material does not qualify. It is illegal to possess shells loaded with anything other than approved non-toxic shot while hunting ducks, geese and coots anywhere in the state. Additional shot restrictions may be in place at select state fish and wildlife areas. For details, check with the property where you plan to hunt.

Shell Capacity Limit

It is illegal to hunt migratory birds (ducks, geese, coots, mergansers, doves, woodcock, sora rails or snipe) with a shotgun capable of holding more than three shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler that cannot be removed without disassembling the gun. It is illegal to use a shotgun larger than 10-gauge.

Hunting from a Boat

Migratory game birds may be hunted from a motorboat provided it is beached, resting at anchor, tied to a stationary object, or without motion other than that imparted by wind and current acting upon the hull, or due to hand-operated oars or paddles.

Identification Requirements

While in the field or traveling from the field to your home, migratory game birds in your possession must have one fully feathered wing or head attached to the carcass for identification purposes.

Wanton Waste

All migratory game birds killed or crippled shall be retrieved, if possible, and retained in the custody of the hunter in the field. You may retrieve dead or injured birds by hand or from a motorboat under power, but crippled birds may not be shot from a boat under power or in motion due to motor power.

Hunting on State Properties

Be sure to check at area headquarters concerning open hunting areas and other special regulations that are in effect on all fish and wildlife areas and reservoirs.

Reserved waterfowl hunts will be held at Goose Pond, LaSalle, Willow Slough, Kingsbury, Kankakee and Hovey Lake Fish and

Regulations (cont.)

Wildlife areas, and Brookville and Monroe lakes. Applications are available at state Fish and Wildlife areas or the DNR office in Indianapolis.

Applications will be accepted through **September 30** for reserved hunts at all properties. You may also apply for reserved waterfowl hunts online at *www.IndianaOutdoor.IN.gov* starting September 1.

Tagging Requirements

- No person shall give, put or leave any migratory game birds at any place or in the custody of another person unless the birds are tagged by the hunter with the following information:
- The hunter’s signature
 - The hunter’s address
 - The total number of birds involved by species
 - The dates such birds were killed

No person or business shall receive or have in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged.

Restrictions

- No person shall take migratory game birds:
- With a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10-gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fishhook, poison, drug, explosive or stupefying substance.
 - From a sink box (a low, floating device, having a depression affording the hunter a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water).
 - From or with the aid or use of a car or other motor-driven land conveyance, or any aircraft, except that paraplegics and single or double amputees of the legs may take from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance.
 - By the use or aid of live decoys. All live, tame or captive ducks and geese shall be removed for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to hunting, and confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such tame birds from the sight of migratory waterfowl.
 - By driving, rallying or chasing birds with any motorized conveyance or any sail boat to put them in the range of the hunters.
 - By the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, if the person knows or reasonably should know that the area is baited. Baiting includes the placing of corn, wheat or other grain, salt, or other feed to serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over areas where hunters are attempting to take them. It is a separate offense to place or direct placement of bait on or adjacent to an area for the purpose of causing or allowing hunters to take or attempt to take birds by the aid of bait or over a baited area. A baited area is considered to be baited for 10 days after complete removal of any bait. The maximum federal penalties are: for hunting over bait: \$15,000/6 months jail; placing bait: \$100,000/1 year jail.
 - With a shotgun capable of holding more than 3 shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler, incapable of removal without disassembling the gun, so its total capacity does not exceed 3 shells.
 - By the use or aid of recorded or electrically amplified bird calls

or sounds, or recorded or electrically amplified imitations of bird calls or sounds.

Ohio River Regulations

Indiana waterfowlers may hunt the main stem of the Ohio River (excluding islands and Kentucky embayments and shoreline) with either an Indiana or Kentucky license and appropriate stamps whenever the waterfowl season is open in either state.

Shipping Migratory Birds

No person shall ship migratory game birds unless the package is marked on the outside with: (a) the name and address of the person sending the birds, (b) the name and address of the person to whom the birds are being sent, and (c) the number of birds, by species, contained in the package.

Report Bird Bands

All waterfowl hunters are urged to report bird bands to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Call **1-800-327-BAND** (1-800-327-2263). During the hunting season, operators are on duty 8 am to 4:30 pm EST, Monday through Friday. You can also report bird bands online at *www.wildlife.IN.gov*. Band information is used in the management of waterfowl populations and assists biologists in providing optimum hunting opportunities where possible.

Extended Falconry Seasons

Mourning Doves	Oct. 16 - Nov. 9	Jan. 1 - Jan. 22
Woodcock	Sept. 23 - Oct. 13	Nov. 28 - Jan. 7
Ducks, Coots and Mergansers		
North Zone	Sept. 27 - Sept. 30	Dec. 20 - Jan. 13
South Zone	Oct. 7 - Oct. 13	Jan. 12 - Feb. 2
Ohio River Zone	Oct. 14 - Oct. 20	Jan. 22 - Feb. 12

Falconry daily bag and possession limits may not exceed three and six birds respectively, singly or in aggregate, during the regular hunting seasons and the extended seasons.

This summary of waterfowl hunting regulations is designed as a service to hunters and is not intended to be a complete digest of all hunting regulations. For specific details, consult the current issue of the code of federal regulations as published in the Federal Register (Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 20 and 21). These dates are subject to approval by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. As of this printing (Aug. 2006), the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has not approved these dates. The federal agency will review these dates by late September. Contact the Indiana DNR Division of Fish and Wildlife for information.

This program receives federal aid in wildlife restoration. Under Title VI of the Civil Right Act of 1964 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the U.S. Department of Interior prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin or handicap. If you believe you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility or if you desire further information, please write to: Office for Human Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington, D.C. 20240.

INDIANA

2006-2007

Waterfowl Seasons and Regulations

Don't Forget

HIP

Registration

DNR

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES



Indiana Division of Fish and Wildlife

402 W. Washington Street, W273 • Indianapolis, IN 46204 • (317) 232-4080

Species	Season Dates		
Canada Geese North Zone SJBP Zone South Zone Ohio River Zone (includes Posey Co)	Oct. 14 – 15	Oct. 28 – 29	Nov. 4 – Jan 8
	Oct. 14 – 15	Oct. 28 – 29	Nov. 22 – Jan 6
	Oct. 21 – 22	Nov. 22 – Jan. 28	
	Oct. 28 – 29	Nov. 25 – Jan. 31	
Brant, Light Geese	Oct. 14 – Jan. 26		
White-fronted Geese	Nov. 4 – Jan. 28		
Ducks, coots, mergansers North Zone: South Zone: Ohio River Zone:	Oct. 14 – 20	Oct. 28 – Dec. 19	
	Oct. 21 – 29	Nov. 22 – Jan. 11	
	Oct. 28 – 29	Nov. 25 – Jan. 21	
Youth Waterfowl Hunting Weekends North Zone: South Zone: Ohio River Zone:	Oct. 7 – 8		
	Oct. 14 – 15		
	Oct. 21 – 22		

Daily Bag and Possession Limits

Ducks

The daily bag limit for ducks is six. This includes any combination of goldeneyes, ruddy ducks, ring-necked ducks, buffleheads, gadwalls, old-squaws, scoters, teal, wigeon and shovelers. Included in the daily limit of six are additional restrictions on the following:

Mallard. 4	Pintail. 1
(not more than two females)	Canvasback 1
Wood duck 2	Scaup 2
Redhead. 2	Mottled duck. 3
Black duck 1	

Coots

The daily bag limit for **coots** is 15.

Mergansers

The daily bag for **mergansers** (which is separate from the duck limit) is five, including not more than two hooded mergansers.

Geese

The daily bag limit for geese and brant are:

Canada geese	2
White-fronted geese	1
Brant.....	1
Snow geese.....	20

Possession Limits

The possession limit for **ducks, coots and mergansers** is two times the daily bag limit.

The possession limit for **Canada geese, white-fronted geese and brant** is two times the daily limit. There is no possession limit for **snow geese**.